Annual Progress Report

Year : 2013-2014

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Project: Child Right Project – Supported by UNICEF

Protecting child rights, in particular the right to education and protection in Mirzapur district of Uttar Pradesh

Activities:

- A. Child protection structures in place addressing child rights, and child protection issues, especially child labour.
- 221 village level Child Protection Committees (VCPCs), 2 block level CPCs (BCPCs) and 2 civil society alliances (CSAs) at block level formed in the last year were functional in the year.
- As per new GO (under ICPS) of the Secretary, Women and Child Development Section-1, Government of Uttar Pradesh, the village CPCs have been re-formed. Earlier, there were nearly 15 members in each of the village level CPC, but according to new GO the CPCs re-formed with 10 members in each. Block level CPCs were also re-formed according to the new GO.
- The list of village and block level CPCs and details of the members were shared with government officials at block and district level.
- Regular orientation and technical support provided to the CPC members by field animators. Their knowledge strengthened and capacity built up on various issues of child protection. The VCPCs have been provided orientation by field animators to enhance their knowledge and capacity on the issue of child right and child protection. CPCs have become aware about the governmental agencies like CWC, JJB, SJPU, Childline, provisions of ICPS, and use of the opportunities on case basis. Block coordinators and project manager provided supportive supervision in this process.
- Village profile prepared for the each project village. The village CPCs maintain the information of the children in their respective village in the CPC register provided to them.
- Village level CPCs organized quarterly and monthly meetings to review the progress of CP plans. They identified and assessed the child protection issues in the village by open discussion and participation of people in the village and developed new CP plans in the quarterly meetings as per requirement. Issues and problems which could not be solved by village CPCs have been taken forward by the respective BCPC and CSA.
- Quarterly meeting of BCPCs also organized during the year. The BCPCs met and discussed the issues of child protection brought to them and took action to solve the problem. The project manager and/or block coordinator facilitated the meeting of BCPCs.
- Vulnerable children in need of care and protection tracked and identified in the project villages. 1,198 children linked with various social protection schemes during the year.

- Village level interface meetings organized among CPCs, SMCs, PRIs and women groups to discuss the various issues of child protection. The focus was given on delivery of government services to the children under various schemes.
- Quarterly meeting of block level civil society alliances organized in both the blocks. During these meetings the civil society alliances reviewed the progress of the action plan developed in the last meeting and developed new action plan for the next quarter. CSAs were supported in organizing meetings, development and implementation of action plans, identification of issues related to children, etc.
- Capacity of field level project staff strengthened through orientation on various issues during monthly review, learning and sharing meetings organized at project level. The field staff also shared their experiences and problems with the senior project staffs.
- Many of the CPC members intimated their problems related to child protection issues at state level through toll free numbers which were provided to them by CREDA.
- Better coordination developed between CPC and SMC for increasing regular attendance and 100% child enrollment in schools.

B. Knowledge enhanced and attitude changed of families and communities in 224 villages for the promotion of child rights and the protection of children against violence, exploitation and abuse.

- In the month of February 2014, the training on Anti Child Labour Campaign was organized for master trainers by New Concept Information Systems, New Delhi. 6 persons from CREDA attended the training and later in the month of March 2014, they trained remaining 4 field animators on the subject. The training of women champions have been planned to be organized in the next year. The purpose of the training was to prepare the project and selected members from women groups (WGs) for the Anti Child Labour Campaign planned to be conducted in the next year.
- Meetings of women groups were organized during the year to discuss the rights of children and 10 Point Child Friendly Agenda (10.CFA). Women village Pradhan in some of the villages also participated in the groups meetings.
- The members of women groups also met with service providers and PRIs and discussed the problems in the delivery of services to children especially the services related to health, nutrition and education. The group members discussed the problems arising in the delivery of services to the children and seek their support in this regard. The members of women groups also watched on the regularity of children in school and monitored the midday meal and supplementary nutrition (*poshahar*) being provided at schools and AWCs respectively. With the efforts of the WG members, some positive changes have been noticed on the issues discussed in the meetings.
- A number of thematic meetings were organized by women group members. These thematic meetings were facilitated by the respective field animators.
- The field animators undertook field visits as per the plan and provided supportive supervision to women group members to add the quality in home visits, group meetings, and meeting with service providers, etc.
- The women champions made home visits to the selected households and communicated the message on 10.CFA to the family members. Apart from visiting to households, WG members also meet the family members in fields and other places of social gathering. They used the GATHER approach and communication materials provided by UNICEF and encouraged the family members to adopt the 10 Point Child Friendly Agenda (10.CFA) and change their attitude towards overall development of the child. This has resulted in increment in consumption of iodized salt, improvement in school attendance, decrease in the cases of child marriages, etc.

- Support provided in organizing open meetings of model *gram sabhas* in 12 villages. During the open meetings, women group members raised the problem in delivery of basic services related to education, health, non distribution of nutrition by AWWs and non functional AWCs, demand for toilet and higher secondary level education facility to girls, issues related to child marriage and child labour, etc.
- Women gram pradhas (WGPs) from our project areas (Halia and Madihan blocks) mobilized to participate in the training on child right and child protection. 30 WGPs participated in the training. Apart from this, CREDA also mobilized WGPs from Rajgarh block to participate in the training and as a result of CREDA's efforts, 7 WGPs participated in the training.

C. Enhanced access to service providers and social protection schemes by vulnerable families

- Senior project staffs were oriented on the community monitoring system of red alerts in the workshop organized at block level. After getting orientation on Red Alters, the senior project staff orientated the field animators in the monthly review, learning and sharing meeting.
- The field animators, during the meetings of WGs and CPCs, oriented WG members and CPC members on red alerts. The field animators also facilitated in organizing community meetings on red alerts in the villages.

D. Women empowered to champion/ promote rights of children, especially those from socially excluded groups.

- The capacity of women group members have enhanced to promote the 10.CFA. The Inter Personal Communication (IPC) Skill has been developed in them and they are able to communicate effectively. Field animators are regularly providing inputs to the members during their field visits so that the WG members can communicate the message of 10.CFA in their selected households.
- The members of the women groups conducted home visits in the selected households and communicated the message to enhance the knowledge of the family members. They also encouraged the family members to adopt the 10.CFA. Field animators provided supportive supervision and technical support to the WG members to improve the quality of home visits, group meetings, and meetings with service providers and PRIs.
- The group members are also encouraged to participate in various forums such as VHND, *gram sabha, tehsil diwas, thana diwas*, etc. and they participate in these forums. Most of women are raising points specially related to 10.CFA in these forums. For examples, in the village Deveri Kalan of Madihan block, women group members and other community women raised the problem of malpractices in distribution of ration under PDS and demanded the construction of toilet in *Tehsil Divas*, and in the village Patevar, the women group members raised the problem in institutional delivery as the ANM was not taking interest in institutional delivery as well as immunization, and the problem in distribution of supplementary nutrition from the AWW.

E. Additional Activities

• The field animators are in regular contact with 211 'Kishori Sangam' (adolescent girls' association) and 142 'Kishor Sangam' (adolescent boys' association). The groups especially adolescent girls' associations are active in their respective villages and

providing their support in the project activities such as support in organizing rallies and meetings and writing the minutes of the CPC and women group meetings, etc.

- To create awareness on the importance of education, enrolment of out of school children and their retention in the schools, 51 rallies organized during the School Chalo Abhiyan, 2013. Women group members, adolescent group members, school teachers, school children, etc. participated in these rallies. The rallies moved within the villages for making people aware.
- In each meeting of CPCs, WGs, and interface meeting with community and stakeholders, we discussed about regular attendance of school going children particularly for girl education and enrolment of out of school children (OOSC).
- During the meetings held in the project villages, community were made aware and sensitized about RTE and role of SMCs.
- School sanitation and safe drinking water was also discussed at village and block level. Focus was also given on separate toilets for girls in upper primary schools.
- During the year, 653 identified out of school children have been enrolled in the primary or upper primary school. Now, the total number of out of school children identified under the project is 3,575, out of which 3,558 have been mainstreamed.
- From 1st to 7th of the August 2013, the World Breastfeeding Week was celebrated. During this week, in 73 villages of Halia and Marihan blocks, most of lactating women, pregnant women, service providers and WGs champions participated in the meetings where the importance of exclusive breastfeeding and colostrums was discussed.
- From 15th August to 5th September 2013, support provided in reformation of SMCs by creating awareness and generating curiosity about RTE and role of SMC among the community with special focus on un-served and vulnerable areas. Following activities were carried out by the project staff in the selected villages:
 - Support in re-formation of SMCs
 - Community meetings to aware and sensitize people about RTE and role of SMCs and reformation of SMC
 - Encourage the community to elect the active members for formation of quality SMC that may fulfill the CFS norms in their respective school.
- Most of SMCs are being aware about RTE and their role and responsibilities; they are taking interest in school to improve the education quality.
- WG members celebrated nutrition week/month in September 2013 by supporting AWWs, ANMs and field animators by focusing on nutritious food to lactating women, pregnant women, adolescent girls and children upto the age of five years who are targeted children of AWW to save them from malnutrition. Colostrums to infants within one hour, excluding breastfeeding upto 6 months and supplementary food to children after the age of 6 months were also discussed during the thematic meetings.
- In the month of October 2013, Global Hand Washing Day and week was celebrated in 35 villages of Halia and Madihan blocks. In these events, 17 schools and 12 AWCs were covered. Apart from this, 340 men, 435 women, 170 boys and 395 girls participated. Handwashing was demonstrated before the schoolchildren, children at AWCs and in community and they were made aware about the importance of hand washing, decrease in diarrhea by adopting hand washing, steps and process of hand washing, difference between hand washing with soap and without soap, etc. Children and community also took oath after the demonstration and meetings that they will use soap for washing their hands.
- Child focused events conducted in identified Villages on Child Rights Day, the 20th November 2013. On this day, events such as outdoor game, essay writing competition, drawing competition, GS/GK competition, etc. The events were organized at 13 places.

Project: GARIMA Project – Supported by UNICEF

Girls Today Women Tomorrow

Activities:

A. Inception

- Mapping of the villages where the project was to be implemented was done. At the initial stage, first hand data and basic information useful for the project was collected. These villages were same as where the Child Right Project was being implemented.
- Mapping of the existing adolescent girls groups (AGGs) was done to involve them in the project activities. Adolescent girls in the project area were listed so that they can be benefited under the project.
- Apart from the 211 adolescent girls groups formed under Child Right Project, new groups were also formed. New members were also included in the exiting groups. The adolescent girls groups have been formed on an average of 1000 population.
- 436 adolescent girls groups have been involved under the project and at the end of the year, there were 7,756 members in these 436 groups.

	Gen	SC	OBC	Muslim	Mixed AGG	Total
AGGs	3	168	31	9	225	436
AGG Members	316	5494	1655	281	-	7,756

The caste-wise pattern of the AGGs and AGG members is as follows:

• 224 mothers' groups (one in each of the project village) have been formed under the project with 3,251 members to get their support in the project.

The caste-wise classification of the mothers' groups and its members is as below:

	Gen	SC	OBC	Muslim	Mixed MG	Total
MG	1	92	14	4	113	224
MG Members	92	2370	647	142	92	3,251

- Village wise list of village level frontline workers [FLWs Anganwadi Workers (AWWs) and ASHA workers] prepared for their linkage with adolescent girls groups. 235 AWWs and 199 ASHA workers have been listed in our project areas.
- Identification and listing of *Kishori Champions* (Peer Educators) have been completed during the AGG meetings. 436 peer educators got support from the project functionaries, which resulted in getting their cooperation and support in managing and organizing AGG and MG meetings.

The caste-wise classification of the peer educators is as below:

Gen	SC	OBC	Muslim	Total
17	332	75	12	436

B. Training and Capacity Building

- A one day training of Field Facilitators (FFs) was organized at the Training cum Resource Centre of CREDA situated at Sukhra, Halia on 25th November 2013 in which all 22 field facilitators participated. During the training, the participants were oriented on brief about GARIMA Project, Introduction on Hygienic Management of Menstruation, and Six Steps of Inter Personal Communication (IPC). The participants were also shown training films on menstrual hygienic management (MHM) and IPC to enhance their practical knowledge on these topics. Officials and staffs from health department also oriented the participants on the health related issues. The field facilitators eagerly asked several questions related to MHM and health issues which were convincingly replied by medical doctor who participated in the training session.
- Orientation of FLWs, teachers, SHG members and CPC members was done in 160 villages. In these orientations, 148 ASHAs, 148 AWWs and 116 teachers were oriented on personal hygiene and MHM including through screening of film using TV and DVD Player with power backup. The participants were shown film on importance of hand wash, personal hygiene and MHM. The community raised several questions about the implementation of the project, particularly its importance and the theme of the films. They were provided satisfactory reply by the project staff.

C. Interpersonal communication and group communication at village level

- Translation of the brochure 'Girls Today Women Tomorrow: Research Highlights on Interpersonal Communication and Practice on Menstrual Hygiene' was done voluntarily on request of UNICEF. Translation and simplification of the booklet 'Sharing Simple Facts' was also done according to planned activity.
- The AGG members met on a regular basis. Each meeting was based on a special theme
 of the month. 2,350 meetings of AGGs have been organized upto the end of March 2014.
 These meetings were participated by 31,684 members (cumulative figure). Field
 facilitators facilitate the AGG meetings. The monthly themes of the meetings were
 Sanitation, Hand Washing and Girls' Education; Immunization, Nutrition & MHM; Need for
 Toilet, MHM (Chanda Mama Ka Uphar); Normalizing Period; and Anemia.

Initially, there was apathy and hesitation among adolescent groups for sparing time for participation in the meeting. Each group was encouraged for their participation by telling the importance of their coming together and participation in the meetings for their own benefit of personality development and personal hygiene.

During the AGG meetings it was found that -

- o most of the adolescent girls were not aware about the importance of toilet;
- o improper bathing in open may cause skin problems;
- o no practice of hand wash before and after changing or burning the cloths;
- school distances and lack of private place for changing the cloths causes school absenteeism among girls;
- nearly 60% girls do not attend the class during menstrual period;
- o cases of anemia were observed in a number of adolescent girls.

Following are the impacts and results of the meetings:

- Large number of adolescent girls is demanding to have toilet in their homes. They
 have requested the project staff to support them for a toilet under some government
 schemes.
- The girls who take bath in open, have decided to create the makeshift bamboo bathing place and the mothers will demand for the construction of toilets from Gram Pradhan.

Till the end of March 2014, 733 makeshift bathing places have been created by the family members.

- Anemic girls are advised to use iron-rich leaves and vegetables and also IFA tablets in consultation with ASHA workers. Also, kitchen gardening was encouraged.
- Some of the school toilets were unlocked and cleaned by school management.
- Rise in consciousness about health and sanitation was found among the adolescent girls.
- Most of the adolescent girls are now open to discuss on the issue of MHM.
- In certain cases, the adolescent girls were found to be infected with venereal diseases. The FFs contacted ANM and the affected girls were taken to PHC for treatment and health advice.
- Monthly thematic meetings of mother's groups were also organized. Upto the end of the reporting year, 1,558 meetings of mothers groups were organized with participation of 18,800 members (cumulative figure). For most of the meetings, identified peer educators provided their support in organizing above meetings. The monthly meetings of mothers' group were organized on the theme of the month covering major issues such as hand washing, sanitation, personal health and hygiene, MHM, importance of girls' education, regularity in attending schools, distribution of nutrition under ICDS, immunization and vaccination, etc.

During meetings it was found that -

- Mothers face health problems such as anemia, weakness, loss of appetite, irregularity in menstruation cycles, etc.
- Women also told that during menstruation period, they stay at the home and avoid go to forest for collection of fuel-wood, agricultural activities, etc.
- Feel embarrassed in using dirty cloths which causes itching and other problems.
- Face problem in changing cloths at workplace hence decide to be absent from the work.

The women were encouraged to take iron rich foods and contact ASHA for IFA tablets. They were also advised to contact ANM or other health personnel for medical advice.

- As a result of mobilization activity, the importance of use of toilets, hand washing and safe drinking water was encouraged in the schools. Regular distribution of nutritious food from a number of AWCs has been observed.
- 'Kyonki Jeena Isi Ka Naam Hai...' series thematic film and film on handwashing were screened at 351 places. The film was shown during the AGGs meetings, mothers' meetings, and orientation of FLWs, CPC and SHG members. The film show was participated by an average of 20-25 participants at each place. The adolescent girls, mothers, SHG women, CPC members, etc. are very much interested in the film 'Kyunki...'. They become aware about many issues shown in the film and have started discussing on the issue of MHM and personal health and hygiene.

Following are the results of the screening of film:

- Understanding on importance of handwashing has been observed to have developed and it was found that majority of the households where films have been shown are practicing handwashing. This is the result of film show of *'Kyunki...'*.
- The film on MHM has resulted in making them to understand about menstrual health and hygiene and healthy practices to be followed.
- The audience learnt that clean cotton cloth should be used as absorbent during the menstruation period and it should be changed timely, cleaned with water and soap and dry in sunlight or it should be burnt.
- On 23rd February 2014, a *Kishori Sammelan* was organized at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia block. Medical Officer In-Charge (MOIC) of Primary Health Centre, Halia,

was represented by Health Education Officer (HEO). The purpose of the *Sammelan* was to create an opportunity to allow the girls to express themselves and also to be aware on several social and health related issues that affect their life. The *Sammelan* was participated by nearly 500 adolescent girls and mothers, fathers, elected representatives, health officials, SMCs, and neighbourhood communities.

The highlights of the Sammelan were:

- o creating inter-village exposure to adolescents girls
- encouraging them to speak in public
- o expression on several issues through role-play, songs and one act play
- o awareness through exhibition of art and posters
- o signature campaign on a charter of demands
- o developing ownership by dividing the various works of the Sammelan
- o declaration of the prizes for art competitions and performance in the Sammelan
- expressing their health, education, sanitation and other needs by putting questions in specially designed question box
- o feeling in being in a larger community of more than 500 participants
- listening to various governmental and non-governmental experts on subjects such as health, nutrition, child marriage, child labour, safety, sanitation, child rights and child protection, etc.
- To sensitize the male groups on the issue of adolescent girls' health, education and protection, 415 meetings with male groups have also been organized with participation of 3,644 men. They are being told about the objective and activities of GARIMA Project. They felt that the project is very useful to the adolescent girls of the village. After knowing the details of the problem, they felt that the problem arising in the schools should not have been there. They will contact the village pradhan for construction of the community toilets. The importance about the TT vaccination was also understood by them. The sensitization has been observed on the issue of education, health and protection of the girls in the village.
- Field Facilitators made several visits to the schools in the project villages to integrate the adolescent girls in BSGY. They also visited Anganwadi Centres and contacted Anganwadi Workers for linking the girls with SABLA.
- The project staff conducted regular home visits to the adolescent girls and got information about the change in the behaviour of adolescent girls. They collected the information in a especially designed format for further analysis.
- Meeting with block level stakeholders i.e. MOIC, CDPO, HEO, and ICDS Supervisors, organized for getting support in cluster level meeting of ASHA and AWW. The purpose of this initiative was to get help of ASHA and AWWs in delivering the message to community on VHND and health issues. MHM, vaccination, and distribution of nutrition supplement were discussed in the meetings.

During the meeting, following decisions were taken:

- o AWWs & ASHAs will participate in AGG and MG meetings.
- ASHAs will ensure for the distribution of IFA tablets and vaccination of adolescent girls.
- The AWWs will distribute *poshahar* on *Poshahar Divas* and deliver the massage to community about VHND and Nutrition day.
- The meeting with CDPO has resulted in timely opening of AWWs and distribution of nutritional support at various centres. This initiative has increased the involvement of the government staff in the project and they have started to support in the project by benefiting the target group.

D. Innovations

• For encouraging adolescent girls to create messages for expressing their feelings on the theme of '2014 Kishoriyon Ke Live Kya Lekar Aye', an art competition was organized in December 2013 in 60 villages of Halia block which was participated by 965 adolescent girls. They show much enthusiasm and happiness in creating greeting cards having variety of messages that touches their feelings.

Again, in the month of February 2014, Art Competitions were organized in 38 villages of Halia block, which were participated by nearly 1,000 adolescent girls. The purpose was to ensure participation of the AGGs for creating messages suited for their development and also have an opportunity to express their thoughts through the art. During the competitions, the participating adolescent girls expressed their views, aspirations and understanding on theme of education, health and hygiene, gender, dowry, environment, need of toilets, and child marriage.

- With the objective of monitoring of distribution of nutrition, a chart has been developed to monitor the distribution of *poshahar* to the adolescent girls. 134 villages covered under this innovation with 1,200 adolescent girls. As a result of this activity, the distribution of *poshahar* is being improved and the community is demanding the prescribed items and in prescribed quantity.
- To make the reach out of the messages to community at large, the films on MHM and girls' education are being copied in the laptops provided by U.P. Government to increase the knowledge of adolescent girls and community. This activity has increased the awareness of the community.
- 87 girls who are provided the laptop by U.P. Government have been trained to operate it and load the films provided by UNICEF for showing them. It has helped in spreading the message to many more adolescent girls and mothers group.

E. Convergence with Government Programmes:

- The project staffs are closely interacting with 300 adolescent girls in Government Residential Ashram Paddhati Balika Vidyalaya of Government of U.P. and Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya (KGBV) in Madihan block.
- 3,663 adolescent girls were personally helped to get their part of *poshahar* on VHND (once in a month) and *Poshahar Diwas* (on weekend).
- 1,374 adolescent girls were helped to get TT vaccination in their own villages.
- 838 adolescent girls were helped in getting IFA tablets.
- To encourage the education among the girls, the *Meena Manches* are re-activated wherever it has stopped functioning. The staffs carry laptop to show the *'Meena'* series films and initiate the discussion in the schools.
- The GARIMA staff is on a motivational drive to encourage the people of the project blocks for having a toilet. So far, 888 households in Madihan block and 1,411 households in Halia block have come forward for having the toilet in their houses.

Some Photographs of Activities Carried Out During the Year 2013-2014



A rally for awareness on importance of education in village the Chaubepur on 22nd April 2013.



Facilitation of vaccination camp (measles) in the Piury village on 7th May 2013.



Training of women gram pradhans at Block Office, Madihan (Patehara) on 20th June 2013



Women Village Pradhan Mrs. Shyamdulari Devi discussing with the headmaster of PS, Amoi about the regularity of children and quality of



Collection of food grains by project staffs in Jamui village on 5th September 2013 for flood victims.



Meeting of Block Level Child Protection Committee in Halia block on 24th October 2013.



Awareness on 'Red Alerts' Community Monitoring System during the Open Meeting of Model Gram Sabha in Kalwari Khurd village, Madihan block on 7th November 2013



Interface meeting of CPC, SHG, SMC and community members in Raikara village, Madihan block on 2nd December 2013.



Supportive supervision in home visit by field animator in Hardi Kalan village of Madihan block on 28th January 2014.



Meeting of Civil Society Alliance of Madihan block on 12th November 2013



Taking oath by community to practice hand washing in the village Gopalpur, Madihan Block on 15.10.2013



Monthly Block Level Review Meeting of Halia Block at Project Office, Sukhara, Halia on 31.10.2013



Orientation of AWWs in Cluster Meeting in Madihan block at O/o CDPO, Madihan block on 19.10.2013



Interaction with Adolescent Girls Group in Madihan block on 23.10.2013



Screening of Kyunki... film during orientation of ASHA, AWW, Teacher, CPC members, and SHG members on MHM in village Gambhirapur Nandkishor, Halia block on 21.11.2013



Interaction with girl students at Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya in Madihan block on 17.11.2013



Screening of Kyunki... film during orientation of ASHA, AWW, Teacher, CPC members, and SHG members on MHM in village Bhatpurva, Halia block on 21.11.2013



Discussion on MHM among ASHA workers for their participation in the project activities during meeting of ASHA Workers at Block Office in Madihan block on 25.10.2013



Session on MHM by doctor from PHC, Halia during One-day Training of Field Facilitators at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia on 25.11.2013



Meeting of Adolescent Girls Group at Rajkiya Ashram Paddhati Awasiya Baalika Vidyalaya (Govt. of U.P.) in Madihan block



Screening of the film on group communication "ASHA : Barhte Kadam" during One-day Training of Field Facilitators at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia on 25.11.2013



Joint Meeting of WG and AGG in Lurkutiya village, Madihan block



Joint Meeting of WG and AGG in Purva village, Madihan block



Girls participating in Arts Competition in Halia block in December 2013



Girls participating in Arts Competition in Halia block in December 2013



Kishori Sammelan in at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia Block on 23rd February 2014



Role Play Kishori Sammelan at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia Block on 23rd February 2014



Participants signing the charter of demand during Kishori Sammelan at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia Block on 23rd February 2014



Greeting Cards made by adolescent girls exhibited at Kishori Sammelan at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia Block on 23rd February 2014



Preparation for Kishori Sammelan by girls at CREDA Resource Centre, Sukhra, Halia Block on 23rd February 2014



A girl putting her question in the question box to get its answer





Girls participating in Poster Competitions in Halia Block in February 2014